

Faculty of Engineering & Technology
Measurements and Measuring Instruments

Information :

Course Code : MPR 321 **Level :** Undergraduate **Course Hours :** 2.00- Hours

Department : Department of Mechanical Engineering

Instructor Information :

Title	Name	Office hours
Professor	Abdelaziz Morgan Abdelaziz Ahmed	5
Teaching Assistant	Eman Mohamed Hammad Ahmed	2

Area Of Study :

This course aims to:

- Enrich the student's basic theoretical knowledge about the measurement systems.
- Explain the difference between static and dynamic performance of a measuring instrument.
- Train students to build and test measuring sensors.

Course outcomes :

a. Knowledge and Understanding: :

- 1 - Explain the static and dynamic performance of a measuring instrument.
- 2 - Describe various measuring instruments of displacement, pressure, temperature and flow rate.
- 3 - Explain different techniques employed by different instruments.

b. Intellectual Skills: :

- 1 - Evaluate uncertainty in a measured value for a set of data points.
- 2 - Derive the governing equations measuring instruments.
- 3 - Analyze the various operations of measurement instruments.

c. Professional and Practical Skills: :

- 1 - Construct the circuits of various sensors.
- 2 - Calibrate different sensors.

d. General and Transferable Skills: :

- 1 - Work coherently and successfully as a part of a team in experiments.
- 2 - Write reports in accordance with the standard scientific guidelines.

Course Topic And Contents :

Topic	No. of hours	Lecture	Tutorial / Practical
Basic concepts of measuring instruments: -static performance; accuracy, precision, sensitivity, resolution, threshold, hysteresis. - Generalized measurement system. -Impedance matching.	3	2	1
Dynamic performance: Zero order, first order, second order systems.	3	2	1
Analysis of experimental data: Type of errors, error analysis, standard deviation, Chauvenet's criterion for rejecting a reading, method of least squares fitting.	7	6	1
Displacement transducers: LVDT, capacitive transducers, digital transducers.	4	3	1
Pressure measurements: inclined manometers, Burdon tube gauges, dead weight tester, variable reluctance diaphragm, LVDT diaphragm	4	3	1
Flow measurements: -Positive displacement methods; rotary, lobed impeller, Turbine. -Rotameter, magnetic, Pitot tube, hot wire.- Obstruction methods: Nozzle, venturi, orifice.	6	4	2
Temperature measurements: -Mechanical sensors; liquid in glass thermometer. -Electrical sensors; thermocouples, resistance, optical sensors	5	4	1
Force sensors: Load cell, strain gauges	9	6	2
Lab: Dynamic performance of first order system using RC circuit - Level measurement using capacitance transducer . Speed measurement using infrared encoder	5		5

Teaching And Learning Methodologies :

Interactive Lecturing

Problem based learning

Discussion

Experimental learning

Project based learning

Research

Course Assessment :

Methods of assessment	Relative weight %	Week No	Assess What
Assignment	5.00	11	
Final Exam	40.00	16	Written
Lab Exper.	10.00	9	Lab. Report
Mid- Exam 1I	15.00	11	Written Exam
Mid- Exam I	15.00	6	Written Exam
Participation	5.00	15	
Project B.L.	5.00	12	Written
Quizzes	5.00	7	Progress marks for Tutorial

Recommended books :

Doebelin, Ernest O. , " Measurements Systems Application and Design", McGraw Hill, 1990.