

Bioassay guided fractionation and cytotoxic activity of *Daucus carota* var. *boissieri*

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Abstract

The hexane extract and the hydro-distilled essential oil from red carrot fruits (*Daucus carota* var. *boissieri*) were evaluated for their cytotoxic activity against human tumor breast cell lines (MCF-7). Cell viability was evaluated by MTT assay. The extract exhibited good cytotoxic activity shown through its low IC₅₀ (9.12 ± 0.58 $\mu\text{g/ml}$) against the standard 5-Fluorouracil (8.46 ± 0.63 $\mu\text{g/ml}$). Phytochemical investigation of the hexane extract using column chromatography yielded three compounds; 8-methoxypsoralen (1), α -asarone (2) and 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzaldehyde (3), a compound isolated for the first time from *D. carota* and from family Apiaceae. Structure elucidation of the isolated compounds was carried out on the basis of their spectral data analysis (IR, MS, ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR). The three isolated compounds were evaluated for their cytotoxic activity using the same conditions. Only compound (1) exhibited good cytotoxic activity (IC₅₀; 9.38 ± 0.78 $\mu\text{g/ml}$), compound (2) had moderate activity (46.12 ± 1.31 $\mu\text{g/ml}$), while compound (3) had no cytotoxic activity (100.6 ± 3.11 $\mu\text{g/ml}$). These compounds need to be more investigated against other cell lines; also they are considered as a good substrate for future SAR study and modifications to produce more potent cytotoxic derivatives.

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